

BK BIRLA CENTRE FOR EDUCATION

SARALA BIRLA GROUP OF SCHOOLS SENIOR SECONDARY CO-ED DAY CUM BOYS' RESIDENTIAL SCHOOL

POST MID TERM EXAM (2024-25)

ENTREPRENEURSHIP (066)

MARKING SCHEME



1.	(A) Both Statements are true				
2.	(B) Unique Business Produce				
3.	(C) Assertion (A) is correct, but Reason (R) is incorrect.				
4.	(A) Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are correct and Reason (R) is the correct explanation of Assertion (A).				
5.	(C) Per square feet				
6.	(C) Start-up Cost				
7.	There are four types of manufacturing industries. (i) Analytical industry: Petroleum, Diesel, Kerosene oil, Gasoline (ii) Synthetic industry: Soap, Paints, Cosmetics (iii) Processing industry: Iron and Steel, Sugar, Textile (iv) Assembly industries: Cars, Televisions, Computers, Mobile phones, Watches				
8.	Price Skimming is a pricing strategy. In this strategy a high price is charged whenever a new (innovated) product is launched in the market. This is does so as the product is unique and there are no competitors producing the same type of product. This strategy is used till others enter the market with a similar product. (i) The product must be highly distinctive and demand for that product is inelastic (ii) The uniqueness must be maintained for some time. (iii) Presence of class market segment.				
9.	Cash inflow: Sale receipts, Loans received, Interest earned, Sale of assets, Sale of scrap, Rent received, Subsidy from the government. Cash outflow: Purchase of goods, Purchase of assets, Purchase of tools and equipment, Salary and wages paid, Interest on loan paid, Rent paid, Insurance premium, Advertising				
10.	Fixed Cost Fixed cost remains fixed at all levels of output, it does not change with change in output.	Variable Cost Variable cost changes with the output. At zero level of output there is no variable cost	(2)		
11.	Personal selling means selling personally, it involves face to face interaction between buyer and seller. Features of personal selling are (i) Personal interaction: Buyers and sellers have face to face interaction and this helps to observe each other and understand their requirements. (ii) Two way communication: The sellers give important information about their products and the buyers have the chance to clear their doubts before buying. (iii) Better response: The customer pays attention when the seller is explaining about the use of the product. This generally helps in increasing the sale. (iv) Relationship: Coming close to each other helps both the seller and buyers and increases the volume of sale.				

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	(v) Better convincing: The sales person can interact with the buyer and can convince the buyer to						
	purchase the product. So this is regarded as the most effective form of promotion.						
12.	(i) Total fixed expenses: (1,000 +100 +250 + 500 +200 + 350) = 2,400						
	(ii) Break even volume (per day) = Fixed expenses (daily) / Gross Margin per unit						
	2,400/150 = 16 units per day						
13.	Three months Cash Flow Projections						
		Month 1	Month 2	Month 3			
	CASH INFLOW						
	Cash sale receipts	72,000	1,00,800	1,26,000			
	Credit sale receipts		24,000	19,200			
	Total Inflow	72,000	1,24,800	1,45,200			
	CASH OUTFLOW						
	Cost of fans	64,000	80,000	1,04,000			
	Freight, insurance and packing	6,000	7,500	9,750			
	Salary	8,000	8,000	8,000			
	Rent	9,000	9,000	9,000			
	Total Outflow	87,000	1,04,500	1,30,750			
	Surplus (Deficit)	(15,000)	20,300	14,450			
	Cumulative Surplus (Deficit) Closing Balance	(15,000)	5,300	19,750			